Rock County, Wisconsin Board of Supervisors 51 South Main Street Janesville, Wisconsin 53545

Phone: 608/757-5510 FAX: 608/757-5511

COUNTY BOARD STAFF/FINANCE COMMITTEES

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 1, 2011 - 3:00 P.M.

CONFERENCE ROOM N-1/N-2 - FIFTH FLOOR

ROCK COUNTY COURTHOUSE-EAST

Agenda

- 1. Call to Order & Approval of Agenda
- 2. Citizen Participation, Communications and Announcements
- 3. General Review of County's Financial Position as it Relates to the 2012 Budget
- 4. Set Future Meeting Dates
- 5. Adjournment

ROCK COUNTY INTEREST EARNED ON INVESTMENTS 2001 - 2011

<u>YEAR</u>	AMOUNT
2001	2,109,690
2002	1,423,481
2003	774,257
2004	717,536
2005	1,246,484
2006	2,793,638
2007	3,519,106
2008	2,651,080
2009	1,339,719
2010	639,276
2011 (Budget)	727,500

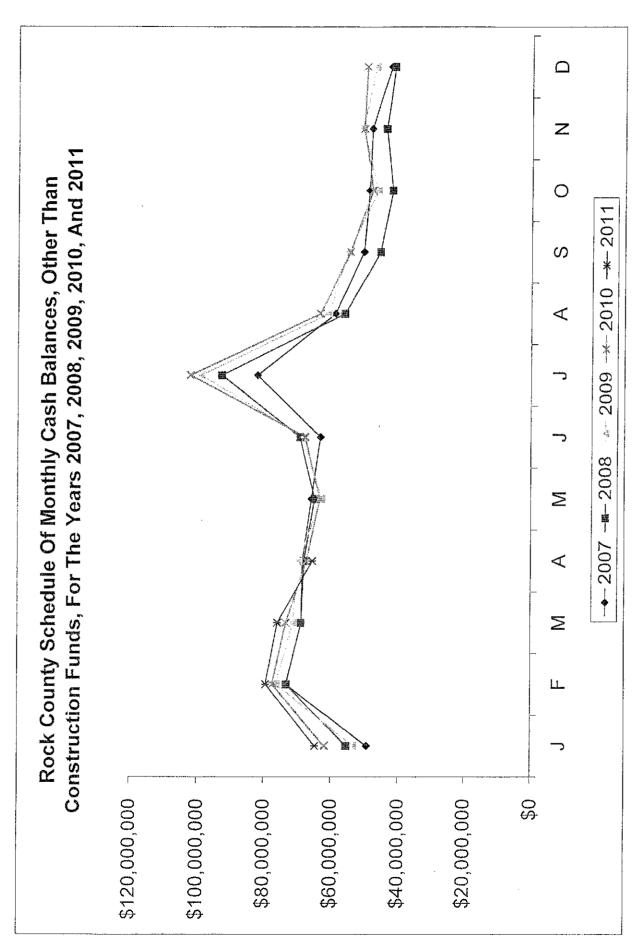
ROCK COUNTY SIMPLE AVERAGE INTEREST RATES ON INVESTMENTS LOCAL GOVERNMENT INVESTMENT POOL 2001 - 2011

	SIMPLE
<u>YEAR</u>	AVERAGE RATE
2001	4.12%
2002	1.73%
2003	1.13%
2004	1.23%
2005	3.09%
2006	4.99%
2007	5.14%
2008	2.46%
2009	0.48%
2010	0.21%
2011 (April)	0.17%

REP002S

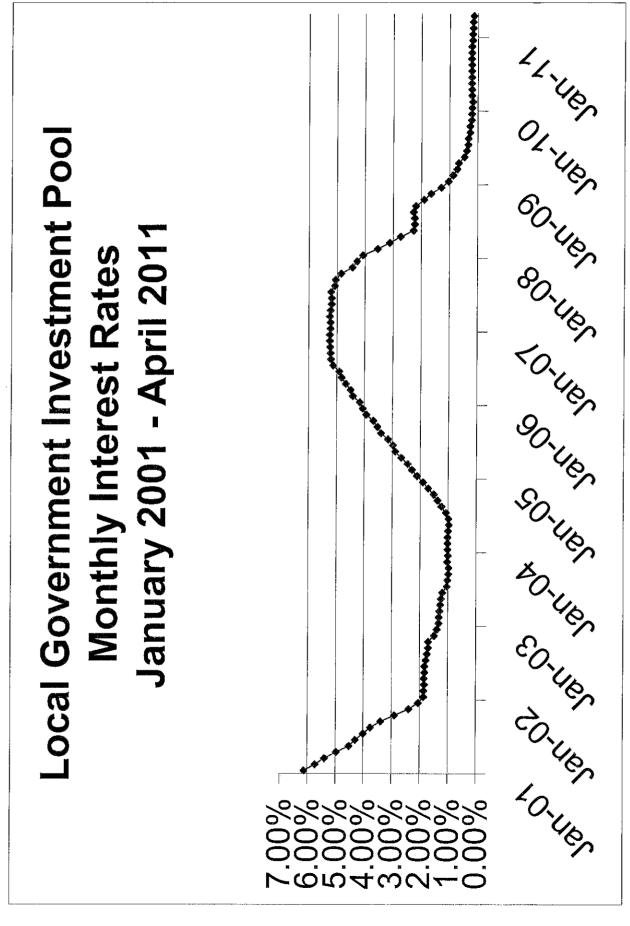
Rock County Schedule of Monthly Cash Balances Other Than Construction Funds For The Years 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, and 2011

<u>Month</u>	2007	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>
January	\$49,318,439	\$55,347,903	\$53,303,343	\$61,800,722	\$64,558,738
February	\$73,265,248	\$73,171,083	\$76,195,428	\$77,308,423	\$79,335,839
March	\$68,713,635	\$68,723,394	\$71,284,113	\$73,303,295	\$75,848,300
April	\$68,289,811	\$67,875,654	\$69,467,494	\$67,113,751	\$65,426,954
May	\$65,738,994	\$64,782,742	\$62,854,869	\$63,205,829	
June	\$63,123,177	\$69,203,228	\$68,237,133	\$67,651,774	
July	\$81,995,156	\$92,720,855	\$98,951,533	\$101,998,421	
August	\$58,924,791	\$56,141,233	\$60,979,485	\$63,380,470	
September	\$50,532,076	\$45,634,856	\$55,169,706	\$54,544,797	
October	\$49,085,302	\$42,135,647	\$46,464,818	\$48,035,618	
November	\$48,267,423	\$43,973,104	\$51,062,323	\$50,615,813	
December	\$42,500,075	\$41,402,307	\$47,090,198	\$49,829,441	



Rock County
Cash Investments
For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

Date	1st National	t nal	Certificates of Deposit	ates osit	CUTWATER	TER	LGIP		Total
	40	%	65	%	↔	%	¢s	%	
1/31	6,015,882	9.32%	6,870,223	10.64%	19,331,399	29.94%	32,341,234	50.10%	64,558,738
2/28	8,836,571	11.14%	6,872,161	8.66%	19,324,793	24.36%	44,305,314	55.84%	79,338,839
3/31	8,644,286	11.40%	6,223,374	8.21%	19,340,409	25.50%	41,640,231	54.90%	75,848,300
4/30	7,510,322	11.48%	6,233,475	9.53%	19,440,355	29.71%	32,242,802	49.28%	65,426,954
5/31		#DIV/0!		0.00%		#DIV/0i		#DIV/0!	0
02/9		#DIV/0i		#DIV/01		#DIV/0!		#DIV/0!	0
7/31		#DIV/0i		#DIV/0!		#DIV/0!		#DIV/0!	0
8/31		#DIV/0i		#DIV/0!		#DIV/0i		#DIV/0!	0
9/30		#DIV/0!		#DIV/0!		#DIV/0i		#DIV/0!	0
10/31		#DIV/0!		#DIV/0!		#DIV/0i		#DIV/0!	0
11/30		#DIV/0!		#DIV/0!		#DIV/0!		#DIV/0!	0
12/31		#DIV/0!		#DIV/0!		#DIV/0i		#DIV/0!	0



$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{ROCK COUNTY} \\ \textbf{ANALYSIS OF DELINQUENT TAX BALANCES} \\ 2006-2010 \end{array}$

	B	BALANCES AT DECEMBER 31	DECEMBER	131	
LEVY/BUDGET YEAR	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
1998 Levy Due in 1999	4,170	1.280	964	964	964
1999 Levy Due in 2000	4,468	1,436	1,161	1,161	1,161
2000 Levy Due in 2001	3,868	1,232	947	947	947
2001 Levy Due in 2002	6,042	3,402	1,186	920	920
2002 Levy Due in 2003	9,324	2,744	1,647	1,373	1.373
2003 Levy Due in 2004	158,609	7,908	3,164	1,429	1.429
2004 Levy Due in 2005	924,496	195,483	5,195	1,380	1,380
2005 Levy Due in 2006	3,100,721	1,068,134	247,750	15,016	1,198
2006 Levy Due in 2007	-	3,453,411	1,248,714	376,858	11,881
2007 Levy Due in 2008	1 1	-	4,140,494	1,602,493	425,398
2008 Levy Due in 2009	!			4,720,213	1,706,592
2009 Levy Due in 2010					4,702,848
TOTALS	4,240,425	4,741,726	5,652,812	6,723,394	6,856,091

ROCK COUNTY INTEREST & PENALTY COLLECTED ON DELINQUENT TAXES 2001 – 2011

<u>YEAR</u>	AMOUNT
2001	1,093,854
2002	1,202,256
2003	1,442,245
2004	1,458,898
2005	1,521,748
2006	1,390,689
2007	1,468,748
2008	1,584,453
2009	1,758,094
2010	2,179,318
2011 (Budget)	2,086,565

ANALYSIS OF TAX LEVY AND RATE LEVY YEARS 2001 – 2010

		PERCENT	(8.76%)	1.22%	.10%	(%86.0)	(3.92%)	(6.20%)	(2.22%)	(1.53%)	5.37%	7.73%
PER \$1,000 OF E. V.	INCREASE	(DECREASE)	(.58)	.07	.07	(90.)	(.24)	(.37)	(.12)	(80.)	.29	44,
Ċ.	(-					5.96					6.11
		PERCENT	(5.41%)	5.92%	5.05%	4.77%	3.75%	0.97%	3.04%	3.03%	3.99%	2.99%
	INCREASE	(DECREASE)	(2,426,736)	2,513,208	2,272,537	2,251,004	1,855,398	485,490	1,576,833	1,616,262	2,195,541	1,710,927
AX LEVY		AMOUNT	42,445,368	44,958,576	47,231,113	49,482,117	51,337,515	51,833,005	53,409,838	55,026,100	57,221,641	58,932,568
TAX	BUDGET	YEAR	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
	LEVY	YEAR	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010

ANALYSIS OF EQUALIZED VALUATION (EXCLUDING TIDS) LEVY YEARS 2001 – 2010

DEC									Ū	(444,221,400) (4.40%)
INCI AM	246,	322,	284,	437,	637,	658,	499,	452,	(134,	(444,
EQUALIZED VALUATION	6,938,864,510	7,260,972,110	7,545,095,810	7,982,584,910	8,619,737,100	9,278,014,610	9,777,775,910	10,229,914,310	10,095,867,310	9,651,645,910
$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{BUDGET} \\ \hline \textbf{YEAR} \end{array}$	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
LEVY YEAR	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010

ROCK COUNTY LIABILITY AND WORKERS COMPENSATION SELF-INURANCE TRUST FUND BALANCES AS OF DECEMBER 31

YEAR	LIABILITY <u>INSURANCE</u>	WORKERS COMPENSATION
1985	311,299	266,827
1986	331,913	284,496
1987	1,039,167	301,160
1988	1,287,283	322,502
1989	1,584,806	349,956
1990	1,903,064	332,580
1991	2,063,782	359,422
1992	2,101,788	348,904
1993	2,278,828	346,198
1994	2,525,043	346,198
1995	2,863,383	346,198
1996	3,173,098	368,634
1997	3,327,097	371,151
1998	3,558,120	371,151
1999	3,970,350	336,451
2000	3,970,350	336,451
2001	3,970,350	336,451
2002	3,970,350	336,451
2003	3,970,350	336,451
2004	3,970,350	336,451
2005	3,970,350	336,451
2006	3,970,350	336,451
2007	3,877,275	336,451
2008	3,711,502	336,451
2009	3,807,225	403,588
2010	3,858,042	403,588

REP005S

AUDITED GENERAL FUND EQUITY AT DECEMBER 31

•	DELINQUENT	DELINQUENT FUND BALANCE + INVENTORY TAXES AND ADVANCES & PREPAIDS	INVENTORY	SUBTOTAL	UNRESERVED/ UNDESIGNATED	TOTAL FUND EQUITY
2,18	2,180,943	3,462,497 (a)	65,733	5,709,173	17,236,838	22,946,011
2,14	2,146,538	3,426,841(b)	107,294	5,680,673	19,609,916	25,290,589
2,29	2,293,659	3,539,050(c)	65,699	5,898,408	19,378,846	25,277,254
2,67	2,676,925	2,821,499(d)	101,065	5,599,489	17,166,670	22,766,159
3,07	3,076,559	1,665,365(e)	208,534	4,950,458	12,810,680	17,761,138
3,8(3,867,383	1,195,076 (f)	149,777	5,212,236	13,672,687	18,884,923
2010 3,95 (Pre-Audit)	3,956,743	1,055,621(g)	213,766	5,226,130	16,962,338	22,188,468

FOOTNOTES

- Includes \$1,700,000 General Fund balance applied, carryover appropriations of \$36,522, advance to Airport Fund of \$511,329 and advance to Capital Projects Fund of \$1,187,711 (mostly for 911 Communications Center Expansion) which was repaid by the 2005 debt issue. (a)
- Includes \$2,693,391 General Fund balance applied, carryover appropriations of \$63,973, advance to Airport Fund of \$501,587 and \$167,890 advance to other funds. 9
- Includes \$2,693,391 General Fund balance applied, carryover appropriations of \$117,740 and advances to other funds of \$727,919.
- Includes \$1,693,391 General Fund balance applied, carryover appropriations of \$147,357, Open Capital Project Contract Includes \$700,385 General Fund balance applied, carryover appropriations of \$45,190, advances to other funds and reserve for Obligation of \$1,689 and advances to other funds of \$979,062. ਰ **©**
 - Includes \$56,711 carryover appropriations and advances to other funds and reserve for long-term receivables of \$1,138,365. ong-term receivables of \$919,790. \oplus
- Includes \$143,521 carryover appropriations and advances to other funds, capital contract obligations and long-term receivables

County Sales Tax Receipts

County Sales Tax Receipts		
 (1		unty Sales
<u>Month</u>	<u>1a</u>	x Receipts
May, 2007	\$	164,899.94
June, 2007	•	765,012.26
July, 2007		772,807.73
August, 2007		898,770.08
September, 2007		882,982.69
October, 2007		843,188.96
November, 2007		1,073,384.86
December, 2007		629,146.40
January, 2008		745,170.71
2007 Totals		6,775,363.63
2008		
February, 2008	\$	979,062.01
March, 2008		924,994.11
April, 2008		704,559.27
May, 2008		819,640.04
June, 2008		809,219.17
July, 2008		922,320.56
August, 2008		1,024,480.94
September, 2008		877,969.98
October, 2008		968,699.23
November, 2008		915,530.51
December, 2008		700,904.99
January, 2009		857,795.73
2008 Totals		10,505,176.54
<u>2009</u>		
February, 2009	\$	836,893.26
March, 2009		705,559.27
April, 2009		704,988.50
May, 2009		874,710.28
June, 2009		880,463.64
July, 2009		912,878.78
August, 2009		720,388.54
September, 2009		891,022.27
October, 2009		843,020.96
November, 2009		856,833.05
December, 2009		810,329.37
Janaury, 2010		800,623.20
2009 Totals		9,837,711.12

County Sales Tax Receipts

Month February, 2010 March, 2010 April, 2010 May, 2010 June, 2010 July, 2010 August, 2010 September, 2010 October, 2010 November, 2010	691,314.17 800,975.33 721,460.06 688,583.09 903,342.38 911,698.89 727,783.39 981,597.56 892,409.42 771,940.13
December, 2010 Janaury, 2011	779,725.64 776,519.80
2010 Totals	\$ 9,647,349.86
February, 2011 March, 2011 April, 2011 May, 2011 June, 2011 July, 2011 August, 2011 September, 2011 October, 2011 November, 2011 December, 2011 Janaury, 2012	\$ 955,615.67 749,247.89 734,958.76 723,150.67
2011 Totals	\$ 3,162,972.99
Grand Total Inception to Date	\$ 39,928,574.14

COUNTY SALES TAX BUDGETS

	COUNTY SALES TAX BUDGETS				
2007 BUDGET Account Number 00-0000-0001-41500 18-1843-0000-41500 Total 2007 Budget 2007 Actual Collections Difference	<u>Description</u> County Wide Sales Taxes UW-Rock Expansion Project	Amount \$1,240,000.00 7,260,000.00 \$8,500,000.00 6,775,363.63 \$ (1,724,636.37)			
2008 BUDGET Account Number 00-0000-0001-41500 18-1849-0000-41500 Total 2008 Budget 2008 Actual Collections Difference	<u>Description</u> County Wide Sales Taxes Jail/HCC Complex Project	Amount \$2,240,000.00 9,175,620.00 \$11,415,620.00 10,505,176.54 \$ (910,443.46)			
2009 BUDGET Account Number 00-0000-0001-41500 18-1849-0000-41500 Total 2009 Budget 2009 Actual Collections Difference	County Wide Sales Taxes Jail/HCC Complex Project	Amount \$ 6,013,184.00 3,986,816.00 \$ 10,000,000.00 9,837,711.12 \$ (162,288.88)			
2010 BUDGET Account Number 00-0000-0001-41500 07-1444-0000-41500 22-1202-0000-41500 41-4300-4320-41500 41-4350-4280-41500 Total 2010 Budget 2010 Actual Collections Difference	County Wide Sales Taxes IT Capital Projects Courts Video Conferencing Highway Road Construction Highway Equipment Cost Pool	Amount \$6,995,849.00 267,315.00 45,500.00 491,336.00 1,000,000.00 \$8,800,000.00 9,647,349.86 \$847,349.86			
2011 BUDGET Account Number 00-0000-0001-41500 07-1438-0000-41500 18-1842-0000-41500 18-1850-0000-41500 41-4300-4320-41500 41-4350-4280-41500 41-4592-4800-41500 Total 2011 Budget 2011 Actual Collections Difference	County Wide Sales Taxes IT Law Records GS-Courthouse Facility GS-JDC Capital Improvements Highway Road Construction Highway Equipment Cost Pool Parks Capital Projects	\$ 7,522,973.00 30,000.00 225,000.00 246,000.00 1,021,876.00 310,000.00 75,000.00 \$ 9,430,849.00			

ROCK COUNTY OUTSTANDING DEBTS END OF LEVY YEAR 2001–2011

		PRINCIPAL
LEVY	BUDGET	OUTSTANDING
YEAR	YEAR	DECEMBER 31
2001	2002	27,570,000
2002	2003	26,790,000
2003	2004	23,455,000
2004	2005	18,765,000
2005	2006	20,385,000
2006	2007	20,690,000
2007	2008	23,115,000
2008	2009	16,915,000
2009	2010	13,475,000
2010	2011	16,040,000

ROCK COUNTY DEBT SERVICE SCHEDULE AT DECEMBER 31, 2010

YEAR DUE	PRINCIPAL	<u>INTEREST</u>	TOTAL
2011	3,065,000	617,563	3,682,563
2012	3,115,000	463,906	3,578,906
2013	2,785,000	362,265	3,147,265
2014	2,375,000	260,451	2,635,451
2015	1,650,000	176,863	1,826,863
2016	725,000	119,538	844,538
2017	775,000	94,163	869,163
2018	775,000	65,100	840,100
2019	775,000	33,325	808,325
TOTALS	\$ 16,040,000	\$ 2,193,174	\$ 18,233,174

Rock County's legal debt margin [total statutory debt allowed which is 5% of the county's equalized valuation including TIDs (\$10,099,453,200), less principal outstanding] as of December 31, 2010 was \$488,932,660 (96.82%).

REP007S



New Issue: MOODY'S ASSIGNS Aa1 TO ROCK COUNTY (WI) \$5,8 MILLION TAXABLE GO

PROMISSORY NOTES (RECOVERY ZONE ECONOMIC DÉVELOPMENT BONDS - DIRECT PAY)

Global Credit Research - 21 May 2010

Aa1 RATING APPLIES TO \$19.3 MILLION OF POST SALE GOULT DEBT

County

Moody's Rating

ISSUE RATING

Taxable General Obligation Promissory Notes (Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds - Direct Pay) Sale Amount \$5,815,000

Expected Sale Date

Rating Description General Obligation

Opinion

NEW YORK, May 21, 2010 -- Moody's Investors Services has assigned a Aa1 rating to Rock County's (WI) \$5.8 million Taxable General Obligation Promissory Notes (Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds - Direct Pay). Concurrently, Moody's has affirmed the Aa1 rating on the county's \$13.5 million of general obligation debt. Post-sale the county will have \$19.3 million of general obligation debt outstanding. Debt service payments for the notes are secured by the county's general obligation unlimited tax pledge and proceeds will be used to finance various capital improvement projects. The Aa1 rating reflects the county's solid financial position supported by healthy reserves, sizeable tax base and a manageable debt profile.

Aa1

SIZEABLE TAX BASE EXPERIENCING GROWTH AND DIVERSIFICATION

Rock County is located along the Illinois-Wisconsin border, with direct highway access to the cities of Madison (general obligation rated Aaa), Rockford(Aa2), Milwaukee(Aa1/negative) and Chicago(Aa2/stable). The county's economy has historically been dominated by agriculture as well as manufacturing, specifically concentrated in the cities of Janesville(Aa2) and Beloit(A1). The northern portion of the county, in particular, benefits from its proximity to the city of Madison's strong and stable economy, as residential and commercial projects continue along Interstate

In June 2008 General Motors (GM), announced production at its Janesville plant would end before December 2010, Approximately 2.400 employees were affected by this closure. As a result of the plant's closure, GM is no longer one of the county's top taxpayers and the plant's valuation changes should have little impact on the county's tax base going forward. Although the local economy has historically been dominated by GM, plant downsizing occurring over the last few decades has provided opportunities for diversification in the county's tax base as evidenced by expansion of major taxpayers including Hendericks Holdings, the county's largest taxpayer. Hendericks recently acquired Bradco Supply Corp. and now is one of the largest wholesale distributors of siding, windows, and other select exterior building products with combined sales of over \$4 billion. Additionally, in 2009, Kerry Ingredients opened a \$50 million commercial and technology center headquarters creating and retaining an estimated 350 positions. Officials continue to leverage the county's favorable location along transportation corridors to spur economic development and these efforts have resulted in new warehousing and distribution businesses. Favorably, a pair of recently announced local expansion projects, SSI Technologies and GHC Specialty Brands demonstrate the continued commitment by existing firms to remain in Rock County. GHC Specialty Brands is investing nearly \$3 million into their facility adding up to 130 new positions. SSI has also made a similar capital investment adding an estimated 40 new jobs.

We believe the county's tax base will continue to experience moderate growth over the medium term due to residential development and significant redevelopment projects underway throughout the county and within Janesville and Beloit. The county's large tax base, valued at \$10.6 billion in 2009, experienced a slight decline (-0.9%) from 2008 due to the GM closure and reassessment. Despite this modest softening, the county's tax base has continued to exhibit steady growth averaging 5.4% annually over five years. Resident incomes indices approximate statewide medians, with per capita income and median family income at 98.2% and 100.9%, respectively. The county's February 2010 unemployment rate of 12.7% was substantially higher than the national level of 10.4% for the same period, which primarily reflects the GM

SOUND FINANCIAL OPERATIONS SUPPORTED BY HEALTHY RESERVES AND FINANCIAL FLEXIBILITY

We expect the county's financial operations to remain strong based on its demonstrated ability to control expenditure growth and reduce budget pressures. Though the county's General Fund balance has decreased in recent years, the county has remained within the their formal policy to retain an undesignated general fund balance of between 10% to 17% of total audited General, Special Revenue and Enterprise Fund expenditures. On average, prior to fiscal 2007, the county's General Fund reserves has approximated \$23 million (or an ample 57% of General Fund revenues). However, fiscal 2008 ended with a General Fund balance of \$17.7 million, but remained a healthy 44.1% of General Fund revenues. In 2008, the county posted an operating deficit of \$5 million due to unplanned expenditures related to increased costs of winter maintenance from record snowfalls, two FEMA declared disasters and increased fuel costs. In fiscal 2009 unaudited results indicate the county posted an operating surplus of \$840,000, a favorable variance from the original budgeted deficit of \$700,000. Management indicates that fiscal 2010 poses particular budgetary challenges, necessitating some form of revenue enhancement or expenditure reduction. As a proactive approach, the county implemented multiple expenditure controls in fiscal 2010, including the elimination of approximately 11 positions and reviewing operations to implement efficiencies where appropriate. Fiscal 2010 is now projected to end with balanced operations. Ongoing expenditure cuts will be required to balance the budget and management expects to continue to exert tight financial control throughout the next fiscal year.

In 2007 the county implemented a 0.5% sales tax, the maximum allowed, with collections beginning in April 2007. The county plans to use the sales tax revenue primarily to support capital projects and to offset the application of General Fund reserves to support operations in the future. Management reports that fiscal 2010 sales tax collections are estimated to be approximately \$8.8 million. Of that total, \$7 million will be used for operational costs and the remaining amount will be used for capital projects. We believe the flexibility to allocate sales tax revenues to operations is a credit strength and provides future operating flexibility to meet budgetary obligations without tapping General Fund reserves.

MANAGEABLE DEBT PROFILE; ADDITIONAL BORROWING FOR CAPITAL PROJECTS PLANNED

We expect the county's debt profile to remain manageable due to a modest direct debt ratio and rapid principal amortization. At 0.2% of full valuation, the county's direct debt is modest and its overall debt burden of 3.3% is slightly above average due to borrowing by underlying entities. Principal amortization is above average with 100% of debt retired in ten years. In 2011, management projects borrowing for implementation of a sprinkler system for the Rock Haven nursing facility, which is federally mandated. Although officials have yet to size the borrowing amount, costs would be based on the size and scope of the project. The county board is currently evaluating construction costs and timelines on either remodeling of the existing facility or constructing a new facility. The board will decide in the next coming months.

KEY STATISTICS:

2009 Estimated population: 160,635

2009 Full Valuation: \$10.6 billion Full value per capita: \$66,033

2000 Per capita income as a % of state: 98.1%

•

2000 Median family income as a % of state: 100.9%

Rock County unemployment rate (02/10): 12.7%

Direct debt: 0.2% (3.3% overall)

Amortization of principal (10 years): 100%

FY 2008 General Fund balance: \$17.7 million (44.1% of General Fund revenues)

Post-sale general obligation debt; \$19.3 million

PRINCIPAL METHODOLOGY AND LAST RATING ACTION

The principal methodology used in assigning the rating was General Obligation Bonds Issued by U.S. Local Governments, published on October 2009, and available on www.moodys.com in the Rating Methodologies sub-directory under the Research & Ratings tab. Other methodologies and factors that may have been considered in the process of rating this issuer can also be found in the Rating Methodologies sub-directory on Moody's website.

The last rating action with respect to the Rock County Wisconsin was on July 9, 2008, when a municipal finance scale rating of Aa2 was assigned to the County's General Obligation Promissory Notes. That rating was subsequently recalibrated to Aa1 on April 16, 2010.

Analysts

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STANDARD &POOR'S

Global Credit Portal RatingsDirect

May 17, 2010

Summary:

Rock County, Wisconsin; General Obligation

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Summary:

Rock County, Wisconsin; General Obligation

Credit Profile	idastrijen seyenostis in indigir. Eksterselije spilatistis (2.128.18)	S. P. Stage Sabage State of the PS and other fine and on the other and state of the second of the Police	
US\$5.815 mll GO prom nts dtd 06/15/2010 due 09/01/2019			
Long Term Rating	AA/Stable	New	
Rock Cnty GO			
Long Term Rating	AA/Stable	Affirmed	

Rationale

The 'AA' long-term rating assigned to Rock County, Wis.' general obligation (GO) promissory notes reflects the following credit characteristics:

- A diversifying economic base with a decreasing reliance on manufacturing employment,
- Economic indicators that Standard & Poor's Ratings Services considers at least adequate;
- A general fund balance we consider to be very strong combined with good financial management practices, and
- A moderate debt burden, in our opinion, with rapid principal amortization.

Somewhat offsetting these characteristics is a fairly significant drop in the general fund balance that occurred in 2008. Before 2008, the ending unreserved general fund balance had typically been at a level that represents at least 48% of expenditures. However, in 2008, the ending unreserved balance was drawn down by \$5 million, to 31% of expenditures, due to one-time flood-related expenditures. Because the budget remains in structural balance, we do not view this as a negative credit factor at this time.

The 2010 bonds will be issued as recovery zone economic development bonds, subject to a 45% interest subsidy payable to the county from the federal government. The county will levy gross of this subsidy and offset a portion of its debt service levy only with funds on hand. The county will used the bond proceeds for various capital projects.

Rock County is located about 30 miles south of Madison, Wis., on the border of Wisconsin and Illinois. The county is traversed by Interstate 90, which provides it with a direct link to Madison, Wis. and Chicago, Ill. The county's population grew 9% during the 1990s and is estimated to have grown another 4% since 2000 to about 159,000 today. The county's largest communities are its seat, Janesville (AA-/Stable GO debt rating) and Beloit (A+/Stable). Equalized value grew at a compound annual rate of 4.7% from 2005-2009, to an estimated market value of \$10.6 billion, which we view as a strong \$66,552 per capita. The tax base is also very diverse, with the 10 largest taxpayers accounting for only 3.4% of assessed valuation.

Although historically dominated by automotive and other manufacturing, the county's employment base is diversifying. Additional growth in recent years has been fueled by development along Interstate 90. The larger employers are a combination of manufacturing and services, and include the following:

- Mercy Health System, 3,767 employees;
- Beloit Health System, 1,847;
- Janesville School District, 1,512;

- Rock County, 1,174;
- Beloit School District, 894;
- Hendricks Holdings (various construction businesses), 857; and
- GHC Specialty Brands (safety and materials handling equipment), 831.

The unemployment rate has typically remained slightly above national averages, but increased recently to 12.5% in 2009; for March 2010, it was 12.8%.

In 2009, General Motors Corp.'s (GM) Janesville manufacturing plant, which in 2008 employed about 2,500, closed. Another 1,000 were employed at local automotive parts plants that do business with GM. Employment at the GM plant was close to 5,300 in 1997, but had been substantially decreased since then. Although the plant's loss will deal a hard blow to the city's employment base, its impact on the city's finances is expected by the county to be manageable. The plant represents less than 1% of equalized valuation and pays less than \$530,000 of property taxes to the county.

Median household effective buying income is considered good at 93% of the national average while per capita effective buying income is considered adequate at 87% of the national average.

Despite a reduction in the general fund balance for the previous two audited years, we still consider the general fund balance to be very strong. From 2004-2006, the general fund balance remained at a level that was at least 48% of expenditures. However, in 2007, the general fund balance decreased by \$2.5 million, due primarily to lower sales tax revenue collections and a planned spend down of the balance. Then, in 2008, the general fund balance went down by another \$5 million due primarily to flood-related spending. On Dec. 31, 2008, the unreserved general fund balance was \$13.6 million, or what we still consider a very strong 31.3% of expenditures.

For 2009, the county expects to post a \$13.7 million undesignated general fund balance, and the 2010 budget is balanced without the use of reserves.

The county's total expenditure base for its governmental funds is \$140 million, the largest special revenue funds being for human services and developmentally disabled services. Total expenditures for these two funds are approximately \$70 million and both are allocated property tax revenues from the county's general operating levy. The general fund provides budgeted operating support for these two funds as well, which cover operating deficits and bring the fund balances to zero at the end of each fiscal year.

The county's financial management practices are considered "good" under Standard & Poor's Financial Management Assessment (FMA). An FMA of good indicates that financial management practices exist in most areas, although all may not be formalized or monitored regularly by county officials. Highlights of these policies are as follows:

- Comprehensive review of revenue and expenditure assumptions when the budget is being formulated;
- The existence of financial projections for two years after the current fiscal year as well as a five-year capital improvement plan, both of which are updated annually;
- A formal investment policy with monthly reporting of investment holdings and earnings to elected officials, and
- A formal fund balance policy that stipulates a minimum undesignated general fund balance to represent 10%-17% of the combined expenditures for general, special revenue, and enterprise funds.

The county's overall debt burden is moderate at \$2,305 per capita and 3.5% of equalized value. Debt service

typically represents a low 4%-8% of operating expenditures, and all of the county's debt is retired by 2019. Additional debt should be issued annually in accordance with the county's capital improvement program.

Outlook

The stable outlook reflects our expectation that the county will maintain its very strong financial operations as its economy continues to grow and diversify. However, we will continue to monitor the reductions in the general fund balance; if a structural imbalance ensues, this could affect the rating.

Additional Revenue Flexibility

A fair amount of the revenue-raising flexibility the county has is due to the county's decreasing property tax operating rate, which for fiscal 2010 provides \$7.1 million of unused levy under the county's 5.845-mill operating rate limit. The county also operates under a levy cap imposed by the state, which has been in place since 2005, but still has \$5.9 million of capacity under that limit.

A half-cent sales tax, which the county began to collect in April 2007, has generated about \$10 million annually since 2008, but the county's 2010 budget assumes a drop of 10% to \$8.8 million. The county budgets a portion of revenues generated from sales taxes for support of general fund operations, but all excess funds are used for capital projects.

Related Criteria And Research

- USPF Criteria: GO Debt, Oct. 12, 2006
- USPF Criteria: Key General Obligation Ratio Credit Ranges Analysis Vs. Reality, April 2, 2008

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The McGraw Hill communes

Wisconsin County Rating Matrix (as of 4/1/11)

Wisconsin	Moody's	S&P	Fitch	Jan. 1 2010	Equalized
County	Rating	Rating	Rating	Population	Value
Brown	Aaa			248,007	\$ 18,437,927,2
Outagamie	Aaa			176,695	13,514,350,1
Ozaukee	Aaa			86,395	10,801,617,9
Washington	Aaa			131,887	13,661,442,4
Waukesha	Aaa		AAA	389,891	50,288,874,2
Dane	Aa1		AA+	488,073	50,661,236,5
Eau Claire	Aa1			98,736	6,686,311,70
Kenosha	Aa1	AA:		166,426	14,232,681,10
LaCrosse	Aa1			114,638	7,935,455,96
Marathon	Aa1			134,063	9,844,078,20
Racine	Aa1			195,408	15,228,632,6
				,	
Rock	Aa1	AA		160,241	10,099,453,2
Saint Croix	Aa1			84,3 4 5	7,653,462,2
Sheboygan	Aa1		•••	115,507	9,025,595,50
Walworth	Aa1			102,228	15,004,870,3
Winnebago	Aa1		***	166,994	11,916,963,9
Wood	Aa1			74,749	4,704,210,2
Calumet	Aa2	AA		48,971	3,489,098,2
				•	
Chlppewa	Aa2			62,415	4,553,032,7
Columbia	Aa2	•••		56,833	5,115,843,7
Dodge	Aa2			88,759	6,182,736,2
Door	Aa2		_	27,785	7,243,313,7
Fond du Lac	Aa2			101,633	7,034,574,6
Jefferson	Aa2			83,686	6,663,739,2
				81,442	
Manitowoc	Aa2	-	_		5,397,710,8
Marinette	Aa2			41,749	3,758,067,2
Milwaukee	Aa2	AΆ	AA+	947,735	63,403,510,2
Oneida	Aa2	=-		35,998	7,330,164,5
Pierce	Aa2	-	ww.	41,019	2,941,150,4
Portage	Aa2			70,019	4,980,596,9
Sauk	Aa2	_		61,976	6,924,568,3
Vilas	Aa2			21,430	7,554,749,9
Barron	Aa3	AA-		45,870	3,684,112,5
Bayfield	Aa3			15,014	2,707,386,4
Douglas	Aa3			44,159	3,434,187,2
Dunn	Aa3			43,857	2,739,232,1
Grant		AA-		51,208	2,802,563,5
Green	Aa3		***	36,842	2,667,455,7
Green Lake	Aa3	h=		19,051	2,548,055,7
Lincoln	Aa3	AA		28,743	2,380,597,0
Monroe		AA-		44,673	2,648,787,3
Polk	Aa3			44,205	4,544,946,6
Sawyer	Aa3			16,557	3,678,748,2
•		***	****	·	2,988,078,0
Shawano	Aa3			41,949	
Trempealeau		AA		28,816	1,794,082,4
Washburn	Aa3	_	_	15,911	2,591,053,7
Waupaca	Aa3	-		52,410	3,883,845,1
Clark	A1		***	34,690	1,806,213,7
Crawford	A1			16,644	1,109,595,0
lowa	A1			23,867	1,892,822,4
Kewaunee	A1			20,574	1,466,049,6
Langlade	A1			19,977	1,718,710,8
Price	Ä1			14,159	1,476,488,0
Richland	A1 ·			18,021	1,094,203,3
Rusk	A1			14,755	1,161,703,2
			****	29,773	1,792,272,8
Vernon	A1	-n	. *****		
Marquette		A+	His	15,404	1,619,481,20
Juneau	A2			26,664	2,100,086,1
Adams				20,875	2,696,490,0
Ashland	· ·			16,157	1,244,133,30
Buffalo				13,587	1,016,795,80
Burnett				15,457	2,787,105,86
		M45		4,423	590,167,96
Florence			-	9,304	1,143,676,70
Florence Forest	and the second s	and the second s		5,916	973,127,40
	-				
Forest Iron			N.	20,449	1,439.319.70
Forest Iron Jackson	1	 	, PA 2-0	20,449 16.836	
Forest Iron Jackson Lafayette	——————————————————————————————————————	 	. N. L.	16,836	1,024,444,00
Forest Iron Jackson Lafayette Menominee		 	, 1944 1944 1944	16,836 4,232	1,024,444,00 317,620,60
Forest Iron Jackson Lafayette Menominee Oconto				16,836 4,232 37,660	1,024,444,00 317,620,60 3,652,522,20
Forest Iron Jackson Lafayette Menominee	1		**************************************	16,836 4,232	1,024,444,00 317,620,60 3,652,522,20
Forest Iron Jackson Lafayette Menominee Oconto				16,836 4,232 37,660	1,439,319,70 1,024,444,00 317,620,60 3,652,522,20 544,004,60 1,316,076,10

Wisconsin County Rating Matrix (as of 4/1/11)

Wisconsin	Moody's	S&P	Fitch	Jan. 1 2010	Equalized
County	Rating	Rating	Rating	Population	Value
Adams Ashland				20,875 16,157	\$ 2,696,490,000 1,244,133,300
Barron	Aa3	AA-		45,870	3,684,112,500
Bayfield	and an Aa3 color			15,014	2,707,386,400
Brown	Aaa			248,007 13,587	18,437,927,200 1,016,795,800
Buffalo Burnett				15,457	2,787,105,800
Calumet	Aa2	A A		48,971	3,489,098,200
Chippewa	Aa2	Seed a section of the Contract		62,415	4,553,032,700
Clark Columbia	Ay		<u> 2</u>	34,690 56,833	1,806,213,700 5,115,843,700
Crawford	Aa2 A1			16,644	1,109,595,000
Dane	Aa1		AA+	488,073	50,661,236,500
Dodge,	Ad2			88,759	6,182,736,200
Door Douglas	Aa2 Aa3			27,785 44,159	7,243,313,700 3,434,187,200
Dunn	Aa3			43,857	2,739,232,100
Eau Claire	Aa1	- 12 N-12 P	right of the control of the control of the	98,736	6,686,311,700
Florence				4,423 -101,633	590,167,900 7,034,574,600
Fond du Lac Forest	A42		Street Line von part (miles of the control of the	9,304	1,143,676,700
Grant		AA-	Professional State of	51,208	2,802,568,500
Green	Aa3			36,842	2,667,455,700
Green Lake	Aa3			19,051 23,867	2,548,055,700 = 1,892,822,400
lowa Iron	A1			23,007 5,916	1,692,622,400 973,127,400
Jackson				20,449	1,439,319,700
Jeffersan	Aa2			83,686	6,663,739,200
Juneau	A2 Aa1	AA.		26,664 166,426	2,100,086,100 14,232,681,100
Kenosha Kewaunee	A1	- 4 1 2 PA 10 17		20,574	1,466,049,600
- LaCrosse	Aa1			114,638	7,935,455,900
Lafayette				16,836	1,024,444,000
Langlade Lincoln	A1 Aa3	AA		19,977 28,743	1,718,710,800 2,380,597,000
Manitowoc	Aa2		And the second s	81,442	5,397,716,800
Marathon	Aa1		_	134,063	9,844,078,200
Marinette	Aa2			41,749 15,404	3,758,067,200 1,619,481,200
Marquette Menominee		A+		15,404 4,232	1,619,461,200
Milwaukee	Aa2	AA	AA+	947,735	63,403,510,200
Monroe		AAT U		44,673	2,648,787,300
Oconto	 Aa2		Miles and Control of the Control of	37,660 35,998	3,652,522,200 7,330,164,500
Oneida Outagamie	Aa∠ Aaa			176,695	13,514,350,100
Dzaukee	Aaa		the state of the s	86,395	10,801,617,900
Pepin				7,469	544,004,600
Pierce	λα2		Company of the Compan	41,019 = 44,205	2,941,150,400 4,544,946,600
Polk Portage	Aa3 Aa2			70,019	4,980,596,900
Price	A1	MARK TO SERVICE STREET,		14,159	1,476,488,000
Racine .	Aa1			195,408	15,228,632,600
Richland Rock	A1 Aah	- AA		18,021 160,241	1,094,203,300 10,099,453,200
Rusk	Aal A1	_	-	14,755	1,161,703,200
Saint Croix	Aa1			84,345	7,653,462,200
Sauk	Aa2			61,976	6,924,568,300
Sawyer Shawano	Aa3 Aa3			16,557. 41,949	3,678,748,200 2,988,078,000
Sheboygan	Aa1			115,507	9,025,595,500
Taylor			Program of the second s	20,689	1,316,076,100
Trempealeau		AA		28,816	1,794,082,400
Vernon Vilas	A1 Aa2			29,773 21,430	1,792,272,800 7,554,749,900
Vijas Walworth	Aa1	-		102,228	15,004,870,300
Washburn	Ža3	i i cara i		15,911	2,591,053,700
Washington	Aaa			131,887	13,661,442,400
Waukesha Waupaca	Aaa		AAA	389,891 52,410	50,288,874,200 3,883,845,100
Waushara Waushara	nau Tau			24,496	2,557,931,100
Winnebago	Aa1			166,994	11,916,963,900
Wood	Aa1			74,749	4,704,210,200