Paper weight-110# (minimum)

FIELD BOOK

PAGE #

PHYSICAL FEATURES, INCLUDING THE EXCAVATION AREA AND DEPTH.

SHOW A PLAN VIEW DRAWING DEPICTING THE CORNER MONUMENT AND SURROUNDING

Black nonfading ink required

U.S. PUBLIC LAND SURVEY MONUMENT RECORD

For Public Land Survey Corners In: WI ADMINISTRATIVE CODE A-E 7.08 REQUIREMENT T. 2N. R. 10 E. 4th P.M. REV 10/23/2004 USMONREC.DWG CORNER CODE INDEX SPRING UALLEY TWP В ROCK COUNTY WI C D IF AVAILABLE E ROCK COUNTY COORDINATES PERFERRED G G North K K East Hor. Datum _____ Vert. Datum **LATITUDE** o ELLIPS. HT. R S LONGITUDE T NAD83(91) _____NETWORK ADJ. YR GPS (X) TRAVERSE (X) BASED ON THE FOLLOWING CONTROL: 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 PLACE MONUMENT 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 LOCATION ON ABOVE INDEX **♦ CORNER MONUMENT** WITNESS MONUMENT 0 (a) LEGEND: ROCK COUNTY COORDINATE SYSTEM SCALE: 1" = 403/4" X 24" solid round iron rod set, weighing 1.50 lbs per lineal ft. GRAPHIC BAR SCALE: 2007 ADJUSTMENT 3/4" X 24" solid round iron rod set, weighing 1.50 lbs per lineal ft. Edge of pavement. CULTIVATED WOODS N73.05,35, 55.9⁹ FIELD LANE WEST CHURCH ROAD BEARINGS ARE BASED ON CULTIVATED WOODS 4-20-2011

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(B) Describe any record evidence, monument evidence, occupational evidence, testimonial evidence or any other material evidence you considered, and whether the monument was found or placed.

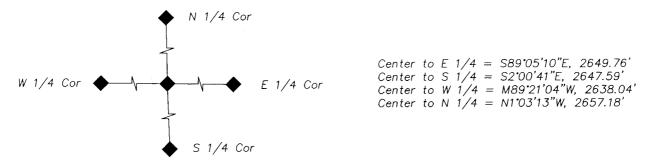
I struggled with the location of the Center of Section, as County Surveyor Joseph Church performed work back in 4-8-1855, which would have located this corner by the Equal Distance Method and the Federal Method was used by Richard Talarczyk on 6-6-1996 and by Jason Houle on 4-14-2004. The Federal Method does not fit very well with existing physical evidence found in the Section. This corner location is assumed to have been previously established by Surveyor Clayton Shimeall, on 10-12-1970, as he had prepared a Certified Survey Map in the SW corner of Section 28, as Recorded in Volume 1 of Certified Survey Maps of Rock County, on Page 326. I found and accepted the location of an 8" barn spike, that I am assuming was set by Shimeall, as this spike was found online with the S 1/4 corner and the 1" iron pipes found on the east side of Shimealls Certified Survey Map.

C) Was the corner restored through acceptance of (1) an obliterated evidence location, or, (2) a found perpetuated location?

D) Describe any material discrepancy between the location of the corner as restored or reestablished and the location of that corner as previously restored or reestablished by distance and direction. Show the discrepancy on the plan view drawing under (a), above. Show the distances between the corner as previously restored or reestablished and (1) the corner as restored or reestablished, and (2) to at least 4 of the witness monuments shown on the drawing in (a), above.

This corner location was restored from acceptance of an 8" barn spike that I am assuming was set by Surveyor Clayton Shimeall, on 10-12-1970 and existing physical evidence as found within Section 28. Please refer to the Plat of Survey I have prepared for more information.

(E) Was the corner reestablished through lost corner proportionate methods? If so, show the method, including the directions and distances to other public land survey corners used as evidence or used for proportioning the corner location.



I, Todo E. Hasse hereby certify that the corner location as identified by the corner code index was determined by me under my direction and control and that this U.S. Public Land Survey Monument Record is correct and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief.

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CORNER CODE T-11

A.E. 7.08 REQUIREMENT

1 rolls. Johne 4-20-2011